

THE EVENING STAR.

WASHINGTON.
SATURDAY, June 27, 1896.
CROSBY S. NOTES. Editor.

THE EVENING STAR has a regular and permanent Family Circulation much more than three times as large as that of any other paper, morning or evening, published in Washington. As a News and Advertising Medium it has no competitor.

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Modify the Order.

Unless the Commissioners modify their firework-reservation order the city will witness a most remarkable experiment next Saturday. It will be fortunate if it is not a costly one as well. There has been an almost unbroken succession of protests against this order since it was issued, coming from all classes and all ages. Even the older generation and conservative citizens generally seem to agree that if the people's nerves must be bombarded in the name of patriotism it is better to reduce the menace to life and property to a minimum by continuing the old custom of permitting the boys to explode their fireworks in the open streets and lots where they can be watched, instead of driving them into reservations from which the timid ones will escape to back yards and alleys, there surreptitiously to scatter sparks and to start conflagrations. The Commissioners are having no easy time in securing reserved places for this use. The property owners adjacent to the sites suggested are up in arms for these patriotic Bedlamites are up in arms in protest, and no wonder, for it would seem as though their individual peace, comfort and security were being sacrificed in behalf of the rest of the city, and they claim with some show of reason and justice that they have a legal right in the premises that must not be ignored, even for such a cause. If the Commissioners carry out their order they will in all fairness give notice several days in advance of the Fourth of the places designated, for the youngsters have a right to be well informed as to these free spots. The attitude assumed by the insurance agencies of the city should persuade the authorities that the reservation idea is coupled with dangerous possibilities, and should have a strong influence in favor of a modification of the plan, for they present statistics to prove that the old style of burning Fourth of July powder is far less disastrous than that now proposed in Washington.

The City's Lawns.

Washington's attractiveness in the summer time would be greatly increased if a little more individual care were paid to the lawns and parkings of the city. As a rule the grass plots in front of the houses are well cared for, the turf is neatly trimmed and the trees and shrubbery are kept in excellent condition, but occasionally there are breaks in the harmonious appearance where the grass is allowed to grow and weeds are permitted to find lodgment, making the entire block unsightly. In many cases this lack of care is due to the absence of shade trees, but in the case of the most desirable summer cities in the world, as Washington is not a place where the trees are generally exodus in summer, and there are not so many residents who go away for the season that the appearance of the city should be marred from this cause. There is an opportunity here, owing to the unusual expanse of parking and the great number of shade trees, to make one of the most desirable summer cities in the world, and Washingtonians should realize, as most of them already do, how great a factor in their individual comfort and in the reputation of the city is the care that they bestow upon the lawns and parkings. There is no legal requirement that the householder shall keep the parking in order, but, inasmuch as the space is practically given gratis, and he shall preserve it from defacement and shall claim it in all its natural beauty. Well-kept lawns add so largely to the general appearance of a city, and are maintained at such a slight expense of time and money, that it will be easy for the defects that now exist to be remedied permanently.

The Truth About Cuba.

It is but natural that General Weyler should object to having the truth told about his campaign in Cuba. His is a bloody and revolting mission, and descriptions at all faithful about the way in which he is executing it add to the sum of his discredit in the eyes of all civilized people. But he is he, he objects to being daily posted for his atrocious crimes, he probably fears that through a too free use of the type the visiting correspondents may disarrange some of his plans. Consequently the roll of the victims of the press censor at Havana, which started with the expulsion of The Star correspondent, is enlarged at frequent intervals. Yesterday one correspondent was sent home; tomorrow another may receive notice of banishment. The public must have and will have news from Cuba. The colorless reports that pass under the eye of the press censor at Havana satisfy nobody in this country. What is wanted is the truth of the situation, as has been given by the series of excellent correspondence in letters which they have managed to send home by the way of Tampa. These reliable accounts must be secured and published if the average term of service of a Havana correspondent is reduced to a single week, and the Havana steamers are enriched through the transportation and from Cuba of a host of newspaper men, the successive victims of Weyler.

The rumor that Major McKinley is at heart in favor of the free coinage of American tin as currency may, without investigation, be stamped as untrustworthy and trivial.

Partisan Finance.

The way is clear before those voters who believe in a single standard of money, whether of gold or silver, or who consider it impossible to secure and maintain a double standard even by international agreement. If there should be or must be but a single standard, it is comparatively easy to decide whether one favors gold or silver as that standard. The main difficulties arise in the minds of those who continue to believe in the practicability and advisability of the double standard. The question of bimetallicity—what it is, and how it may best be promoted in this country—must now receive a very thorough examination. It is to be regretted that heated partisanship will characterize much of the discussion, for, as a matter of fact, the question is properly not par-

tisan in any aspect, but purely one of business. The people, regardless of party, want good money. And they are entitled to good money. A debasement of the currency must operate as disastrously in Colorado as in Massachusetts. But partisanship enters more or less into every public question in this country, and unfortunately, among the first notes heard in this campaign are those pitched in a high partisan key.

All adverse criticism of the financial deliverance at St. Louis proceeds upon the proposition that it commits the republican party unreservedly to the gold standard, to the permanent exclusion even of safeguarded bimetallicism. If that is ratified at the polls, the silver men declare, the country's financial policy will be riveted to gold monometallism without the hope of separation. And yet the plank explicitly favors bimetallicism and pledges the party, if successful at the polls, to promote measures looking to the securing of free coinage as an international instead of a mere local act. Meanwhile, despite the fact that silver, as bullion, is worth but little over fifty cents, every note in circulation based upon silver is to be maintained at par, to remain the equal of that of gold. If the republican party had intended to declare for gold, and gold alone, would it not have asserted that the double standard was undesirable and ought not to be proposed or worked for?

But the silver men declare that the promise to promote international bimetallicism is insincere—a mere campaign device to catch votes. The same thing was said of the same promise contained in the platform upon which General Harrison was elected President. And yet that promise was kept. An international conference was called through the agency of the government, and the question earnestly submitted. An agreement, it is true, was not reached, but the discussion was by no means discouraging to the cause of silver.

The silver men are now to be heard from in convention. Their boast is that their declaration will admit of no misinterpretation; that it will be a straightforward pledge to free coinage at 16 to 1 as an independent act by this country. But will that be a declaration for bimetallicism? Will it not in effect be a declaration in favor of the single standard, and that standard silver? Do not many of the silver leaders favor free coinage in the hope that the success of that policy will send the country to a silver basis? Are they not on record, in public speeches and in authorized interviews, as favoring silver over gold as the standard of value? Assuming then that the Chicago platform follows the lines promised, the conservative bimetallicists of the middle west, who may hold the balance of power in the struggle, will be called upon to decide as to which platform is the better calculated to promote bimetallicism: one which declares for international bimetallicism and pledges active aid toward bringing it about, or the one which declares specifically for silver, and whose endorsement at the polls would, it is presumed, mean inevitable silver monometallism, and threaten national disaster.

Entertaining the Endeavorers.

It is the earnest desire of the local committees in charge of the coming Christian Endeavor convention that the thousands of delegates from other cities shall, as far as possible, be treated as personal guests, instead of being herded here and there by the dozens and scores, as is the usual course in all such great gatherings. This is an excellent thought and its successful execution will tend to give the capital a national reputation for hospitality that will stand it in good stead in after years. The plan is not impracticable. The committee on the householder's side has already secured a list of delegates already having places reserved for over thirty thousand visitors, and for more will be needed. But it is very desirable that there should be more citizens to come forward with offers to take one or two delegates each for the week. It is one thing to pack the delegates away like sardines and another to supply them with comfortable quarters in refined homes, where they will feel like personal guests. It would be one of the best things that ever happened to Washington if each one of the expected thirty or forty thousand delegates could be so housed, for this army of young men and women, accustomed at home to the best of service, would leave the city after the great meeting, filled with grateful memories of the hospitable citizens of Washington.

The Venezuelan Hurry.

The release of Surveyor Harrison by the Venezuelan government prevents what might have been an acute complication between the British and Venezuelan governments over the Schomburgk line that is now in course of practical adjudication. The Venezuelans acted promptly and honorably in the matter and gave proof of their intention to observe the proprieties that should characterize the course of the boundary dispute. The settlement possible at one time that the Harrison incident might seriously embarrass the United States in its effort to maintain peace between the two countries in the settlement of the main dispute, but the government at Caracas seems to realize the value of the unhappily friendly relations of the United States. The incident serves to show her agents trespass with impunity on the territory in dispute, and perhaps it will suggest to both countries that pending a settlement of the boundary question it will be injudicious to take any positive or aggressive stand in regard to the questioned territory.

Whatever hesitation there may be about expressing an opinion on other points, the prophets are safe in predicting that the Chicago convention will by far surpass the one at St. Louis for uncertainty and excitement.

While the grass-hoppers are destroying the peppermint crop in Michigan, Kentucky looks over her own flourishing expanses of mint and reflects that after all she has much to be thankful for.

There were only two hundred men at work on the post-office building today, while the city yet undone and unstarted would have afforded employment for several times as many.

Mr. Whitney does not come into the campaign as a candidate, but as a manager, the latter position being by far the greater importance up to the time that the election occurs.

It has been said of Mr. Hobart that he participated in politics as a recreation. It is feared that if he is elected he will find the vice-presidency rather slow fun.

Emperor William has taken to riding the bicycle, and is less conspicuous than formerly with expressions of confidence in his ability to conquer all difficulties.

Mr. Eckels is pained to observe that Illinois is bent on continuing its political disposition and that Governor Altgeld is keeping the bar wide open.

REVIEW OF THE WEEK.

Domestic.

During the week Mr. McKinley has been receiving visitors from all parts of the country, congratulating him on his nomination for the presidency, and he has had occasion daily to make a speech. Garrett Hobart, republican nominee for Vice President, had an enthusiastic reception by the citizens of Paterson, N. J., his home. The Illinois democratic convention at Peoria renominated Gov. Altgeld by acclamation, denounced the Cleveland administration, declared for free silver and instructed the delegates to Chicago to support the free silver candidates. New York held a free ratification meeting, at which ex-Senator Platt declared for the ticket nominated. The Georgia democratic state convention renominated Gov. Atkinson and other state officers, elected delegates-at-large to the Chicago convention and adopted a free coinage silver platform. The New York democratic convention at Saratoga adopted a sound money platform. Senator Hill heading the delegation-at-large to the Chicago convention. A tremendous reception was given to Gov. McKinley, his wife and mother by the women of Canton and Starke county, Ohio. President Cleveland and Secretary Carlisle returned to Washington from their trip to Poughkeepsie, and Ben Brush the Kentucky derby. During the week ex-Senator Trumbull of Illinois, ex-Congressman Hudd and Walling, the Secretary Augustus Harris, Col. A. G. Brackett died.

Foreign.

The Venezuelan embargo was cleared somewhat by the release of Harrison, the arrested British surveyor. The Dominion conservative government was defeated in the Canadian elections. The Spanish government decided to send one hundred thousand troops to Cuba before the close of the present year. The Pan-Presbyterian council, in session in Glasgow, resolved to petition the British and United States governments in favor of the establishment of a permanent board of arbitration to settle international disputes between the two countries. The resignations of Cecil Rhodes, Alfred Beit and Dr. Rutherford Harris, as directors of the British South Africa Company, were accepted. Henry M. Stanley, the well-known explorer, became seriously ill. The latest advices from Yokohama stated that 27,000 persons were drowned and 8,000 injured during the recent tidal wave and earthquake in the northern province of Japan. Port Charter, in Matabeland, was surrounded by insurgents and food supplies from Bulawayo for Gwelo were stopped. The Spanish senate, by a vote of 88 to 44, rejected the motion of Senator Comas for an amendment to the royal decree mandating that the protocol of 1877 with the United States be renounced. A Venezuelan companion of Thomas W. Gilchrist, an American artist, was arrested in Havana, charged with taking photographs of the Spanish defenses on the line of the province of Pinar del Rio. Gilchrist, correspondent of the New York World, was expelled from Cuba. The steamers Three Friends and City of Richmond, engaged in filibustering, were captured by United States revenue cutter at sea and taken to Key West.

In the District.

After a trial lasting nearly six weeks the jury in the Holt will case Thursday night returned a verdict declaring that in their judgment the alleged will offered for probate was never executed by the late Judge Holt; in other words, they pronounced it a forgery. Steps were then taken to appeal to the Court of Appeals and it was announced that if necessary the case would be carried to the United States Supreme Court. The trial of indictments against greenmen for selling oleomargarine without the lawful marks was continued. In two cases the jury acquitted the accused persons and in one case returned a verdict of guilty on certain counts; pleas of guilty were entered in other cases, and Thursday the jury was discharged for the term, leaving a number of cases undecided. The Engineers of the Baltimore and Potomac Railroad Company were brought before the Police Court on a charge of a failure to stop their engines at rapid transit street railway crossings, and in order to send the case to a higher court for adjudication Judge Kimball imposed a fine, with the privilege of appeal. Irvin Ford, the murderer of Elsie Kreglo, was hanged Friday, June 26, for this crime, which was committed May 4. The Metropolitan Railroad Company discharged a number of its employees because of their connection with the local street railway union, which had antagonized the road before Congress in respect to legislation which it sought; the men appealed to the labor organizations, but at the close of the week no strike had been ordered and there was no prospect of a serious disturbance.

SHOOTING STARS.

Solitude.

"William," she said, "will you do something that is for your own good?" "What is it?" "I want you to give up smoking. You are simply ruining your health and my lace curtains."

"What We Are Coming To." "Frederick," said she, "don't let the baby stand alone."

"Why, she's old enough to learn to walk."

"Old enough to learn to walk? Why, she hasn't even learned to ride a bicycle yet."

"A Possible Reason." "When Twilkins gets anything on his mind," said the busy man, "he is always speaking of it as 'the question of the hour.' I wonder what makes him do that."

"I don't know, unless it's because he expects to take up an hour a day of your time explaining it."

"The Piano Wagon." Oh, hylthe curbstone minstrel, you've one trait that frets,

Though it scarce may seem courteous to the ear,

The more out of tune your old instrument gets

The longer you hang 'round and play it!

"Why He Objected." "What do you mean," said the summer hotel man, "by publishing in your newspaper the statement that a sea-serpent was seen near my place?"

"I don't see anything to get angry about," was the reply. "I thought it would be a splendid advertisement for you."

"An advertisement! Nothing of the kind! Quite the contrary. Our strong point is that we keep a strictly temperance resort."

"A Choice." Yer gold plank an' yer silver plank hes all the 'tention, now.

Ye hear their praises sounded night an' day;

But with the weather warm'n' up, I'm re'ly forced ter 'low

They don't impress me quite the proper way.

NO TRASH, NO TRUCK!

In their eagerness to give you low prices half of the merchants have rushed to "trash" and "trash." We never handle it! Only "first-grade" goods, and those are sold at lower prices than any house in Washington dare to quote. Lookout for truck, trash and other cheap merchandise with the finger prints of Noah's Ark still on them.

Our June Reduction Sale has been the most successful we have yet inaugurated, and we have cut the prices on the brightest and best of the summer season's styles and merchandise. On Monday we shall make special offers in the White Goods, Laces, Embroideries, Linings and Notions, yet other departments offer equally attractive bargains.

WHITE GOODS REDUCED.

Balance of the 18c. Plain Ecru Nainsook, 18c. quality, for 12c. Balance of the 25c. quality, for 17c. White and Linen-colored Nainsook, 25c. quality, for 17c. To close.

EMBROIDERIES LOWER.

Special lot of Swiss, Nainsook and Cambric Embroideries, 6 to 8 inches wide. Have been 30, 35 and 40c. yard. Offer 25c. and 17c. Balance of the line of 30 and 35c. Linen Band Insertings, very fashionable trimming. Were 30 and 35c. yard. To close.

LACES LOWER.

One lot of Oriental and Point Venise Laces, in both cream and white. Also Black Chantilly and Boudoirs and Cream Point Venise. Some of these laces are worth 50c., and vary in width up to 7 inches. Clearance price 25c. To close.

LININGS LOWER.

Never before have we offered Linings at such individually low prices. Read this 25c. offering carefully:

Best Leno, 27c. Int. Hair Cloth, 28c. Canvas, 28c. Grass Cloth, 28c. Crinoline, 28c. Wire Cloth, 28c. Soft Cambric, 28c. Also Real Hair Cloth, 30c. quality for 19c. Also Rustle Percale, white, in black and all other shades, also light and dark effects. Monday 9 1/2c.

NOTIONS LOWER.

12 1/2c. Wash Braids, white and colors, 3 to 2 1/2 in. wide. Now... 2c. 3c. Bone Casing. Now, per yd... 1c. 10c. Whalebones... 4c. 7c. Belting... 4c. 10c. Dress Shields... 7c. 3c. Hooks and Eyes... 1c. 50-yd. Spool Silk... 2c. 3c. Spool Twist... 1c. 3c. Spools Basting Cotton... 1c.

BON MARCHÉ, 314 & 316 7th St.

"Perfection" Tea Only 50c. pound.

After you've once used "Perfection" Tea for making iced Tea, we don't think you'll use any other. Its delicious flavor will please you. Its great strength will please you. Its price ought to please you—50c. pound.

Fresh LEMONS, doz... 15c. New MACKEREL, each... 10c. "Old Time" FLOUR, bbl... \$4. MASON'S FRUIT JARS.

J. T. D. Pyles, FIVE STORES.

After you've once used "Perfection" Tea for making iced Tea, we don't think you'll use any other. Its delicious flavor will please you. Its great strength will please you. Its price ought to please you—50c. pound.

W. C. P. Breckinridge continues to wander up and down the political fence, waiting for a chance to break through.

Bon Marche, 314 and 316 7th St.

Heurich's B-e-e-r

Before Retiring At Night, Drink

ALL YOU NEED TO SAY IS

That you'll pay for what you buy—A little at a time—weekly or monthly. After you have bought a few things here—and see how easy it is to pay for them—your best friend couldn't persuade you to wait and count your cash every time you need a little furniture.

CREDIT

Is a convenience; it helps us to sell furniture—and helps you to pay for it—and costs nothing! It's our somewhat substantial way of saying "much obliged" for your patronage. Never mind if you only need a Rocker—or a Little Matting—don't hesitate to come right here and GET IT. Pay cash if you WANT to—lots of people do—but you're just as welcome to credit.

Everything for housekeeping, from the Kitchen Range to the Crockery and Silver Ware.

GROCER'S

MAMMOTH CREDIT HOUSE, 810-821-822 Seventh street n.w. J-27-84d

Antikolerine (Tablets)

WHY take some nervous draught? WHY take a relic of barbarous times? WHY take a pill that does not dissolve? When you can obtain quick and permanent relief in every instance of Diarrhoea, or Dysentery, or Cholera Morbus or Vomiting from any cause, by taking ANTIKOLERINE (tablets), you modern palatable means of administering medicine.

ANTIKOLERINE (tablets), unlike preparations for similar complaints, leaves absolutely no complication or other unpleasant after effects. WHAT IT IS. ANTIKOLERINE (tablets) is not in any sense a potent medicine, but a condensed formula of the most effective principles of the best modern remedies in recent use for the treatment of Diarrhoea, Dysentery, Cholera, either of stomach or intestines, Cholera Morbus and Cholera Infantum. THE INGREDIENTS. Are all selected with the greatest care; are safe, harmless and permanent in character; tasteless, freely soluble, thoroughly triturated (intermixed), and in preparation safe, exact and scientific in every particular.

Cyclists and Travelers

Generally will find in ANTIKOLERINE (tablets) a necessary companion to their travels. In those sudden untoward attacks of Diarrhoea, Dysentery or Cholera so commonly resulting from over-exertion after eating, exposure to draughts after being overheated, and the indiscriminate use of iced drinks, ANTIKOLERINE (tablets) will be found indispensable.

Mothers.

In particular will find in ANTIKOLERINE (tablets) a specific for Cholera Infantum, that much dreaded and so frequently fatal summer diarrhoea of infants.

And in the teaching of infants and children, with the sudden untoward attacks of Diarrhoea, Dysentery or Cholera so commonly resulting from over-exertion after eating, exposure to draughts after being overheated, and the indiscriminate use of iced drinks, ANTIKOLERINE (tablets) will be found indispensable.

For sale at all druggists, 15 cts. a vial. Or mailed to any address on receipt of price.

Free Samples

Will be given to any person applying at the distributing agency of the company on Monday, June 29, between the hours of 8 a.m. and 6 p.m. Positively no samples given to children.

The Modern Pharmaceutical Co., WASHINGTON, D. C. Distributing Agency: National Trust Building.

Two Matting Snaps.

Just when you want a thing most—that's the time we make the biggest reductions. Two specials from our Matting Department:

Fine Japanese Double Dye Matting, 30c. a yard. Now 17 1/2c. A Good Quality Matting, 10c. a yard, per yd. pattern. 7 1/2c.

THE Houghton CO., 1214 F ST. J-27-30d

We can claim truthfully to save you part of the money that you will spend for a straw hat. We know of none who quote prices as low. 50c. up to \$3.50 and \$4. This is Dunlap's D. C. agency.

Chas. H. Ruoff, Up-to-date Hatter, 905 Pa. Ave. J-27-30d

Per cent off on '96 Cameras—25 off on '95 Cameras—all makes (except Eastman's).

S. KANN, SONS & CO. 8th Street and Market Space.

THE FIRST SHALL BE LAST RAFF'S STOCK, WHICH WE PURCHASED FROM U. S. MARSHAL WILSON. WE HAVE GIVEN YOU Hair-Raising Prices PANDEMONIUM in Every Department.

Silks for 49c.

Finest Imported Taffeta Novelties, Fancy Changeable Taffeta Novelties, Finest Quality Water Proof Fancy Indias, Handsome Novelty Plaids, Black Ground Gros Grain Novelties and all the Newest things of the season.

RAFF'S PRICE, 89c. TO \$1.25. Sale Price, 49c.

SILKS FOR 23c.

Fancy Indias, New Colored Chinas, stylish fancy Taffetas, a big assortment of Novelty Effects, a most complete roster of handsome, stylish and durable Silks.

RAFF'S PRICE, 49, 59 AND 69c. Sale Price, 23c.

DOMESTICS. Fruit of the Loom Bleached Muslin

Raff's Price, 8c. Sale Price, 5 1-2c.

Amoskeag and Lancaster Apron Gingham. RAFF'S PRICE, 6c. SALE PRICE, 3 1/2c.

Merrimac Shirting Prints. RAFF'S PRICE, 5c. SALE PRICE, 2 1/2c.

Androsroggin Unbleached Pillow Casing, 1 1/4 yards wide. RAFF'S PRICE, 10c. SALE PRICE, 6c.

Full width 10-4 Pearl Bleached Sheet. RAFF'S PRICE, 25c. SALE PRICE, 15c.

Boston Ready-made 63x90 Bleached Sheets. RAFF'S PRICE, 50c. SALE PRICE, 33c.

Utica Ready-Made, 90x90 Bleached Sheets. RAFF'S PRICE, 60c. SALE PRICE, 49c.

WASH GOODS. Toile du Nord, Parkhill Zephyr and an innumerable array of other Summer Dress Gingham.

RAFF'S PRICE, 12 1/2c. SALE PRICE, 5c. Beautiful Plain Colored Satin Stripe Organdie in Pink, Blue, Cream and Linen.

RAFF'S PRICE, 15c. SALE PRICE, 5 1/2c. White Goods. Embroideries.

Fine 40-inch Sheer Irish Swiss Mull. RAFF'S PRICE, 30c. SALE PRICE, 18c.

Extra Grade Fine Sheer India Linen. RAFF'S PRICE, 15c. SALE PRICE, 7 1/2c.

New Dotted Swiss, different size spots. RAFF'S PRICE, 25c. SALE PRICE, 15c.

Fine Check and Satin Plaid Nainsook. RAFF'S PRICE, 8, 10 & 12 1/2c. SALE PRICE, 5c.

64-inch Bleached and Cream Table Damask, very weighty, superior quality and finish.

RAFF'S PRICE, 60c. SALE PRICE, 39c. Bleached Double Satin Table Damask, 66 inches wide.

RAFF'S PRICE, 75c. SALE PRICE, 50c. Just 43 dozen of 3 size Bleached Dinner Napkins, different patterns.

RAFF'S PRICE, \$1.45. SALE PRICE, \$1.00. Remnants of Turkey Red Table Damask, oil boiled, 60 inches wide.

RAFF'S PRICE, 39c. SALE PRICE, 16c. UPHOLSTERY.

Wire Window Screens, cherry wood frame, adjustable for any window. SALE PRICE, 15c.

28-inch Duck-covered, Iron Bottom Trunk, deep tray and hat box, strongly made. SALE PRICE, \$1.89.

MUSLIN UNDERWEAR. All the Gowns, Skirts, Drawers and Corset Covers of Raff's stock WORTH \$1.39. SALE PRICE, 89c.

Cambric Corset Covers, embroidery trimmed at neck and sleeves. RAFF'S PRICE, 59c. SALE PRICE, 39c.

100 pieces of Fine Imported All-Silk Taffeta Ribbon, 5 inches wide, in light summer shades. Raff's Price, 50c. Sale Price, 25c.

Ladies' Shirt Waists, all colors, all styles, all fabrics, all sizes. RAFF'S PRICE, \$1.25 AND \$1.50. Sale Price, 49c.

Lots of other things in Times and Post.